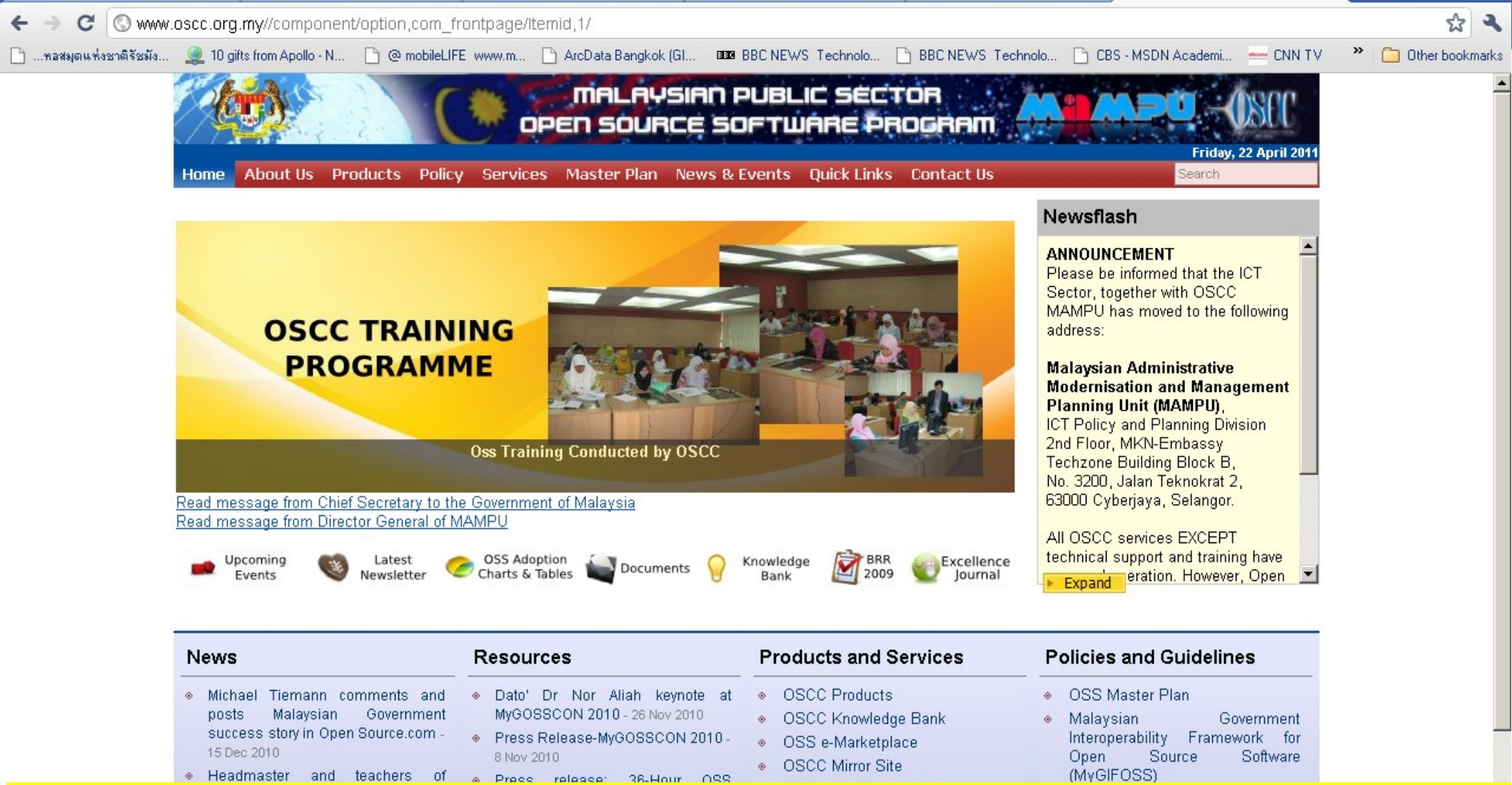
Open Source Software – An Enabler of Malaysia's Vision 2020 transformation

TAN KING ING & JACOB THOMAS Jr.

Summary prepared by Thossaphol NORATUS from the paper, Apr. 22, 2011



- Malaysian Administrative Modernisation and Management Planning Unit (MAMPU), (2002)

www.oscc.org.my

The Open Source Competency Centre (OSCC), which was launched concurrently with the OSS Master Plan, was charged to lead, coordinate and support the implementation of the OSS Master Plan throughout the Public Sector. As the single national reference center for OSS, OSCC MAMPU offers various services to Government agencies such as training, promotion and awareness, technical support and research and development.

(Source: The Malaysian Public Sector Open Source Software Master Plan Phase II, December 2007)

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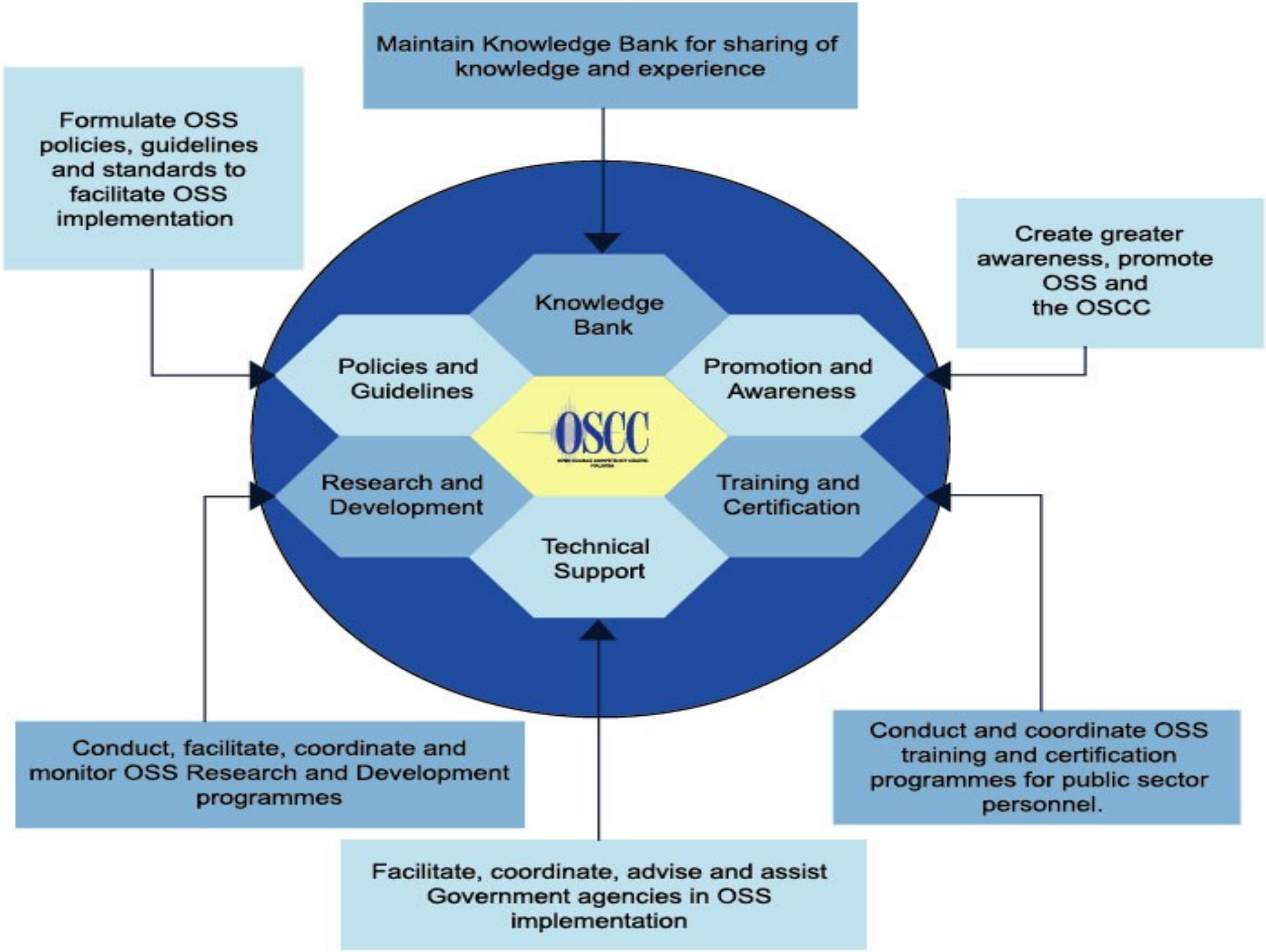
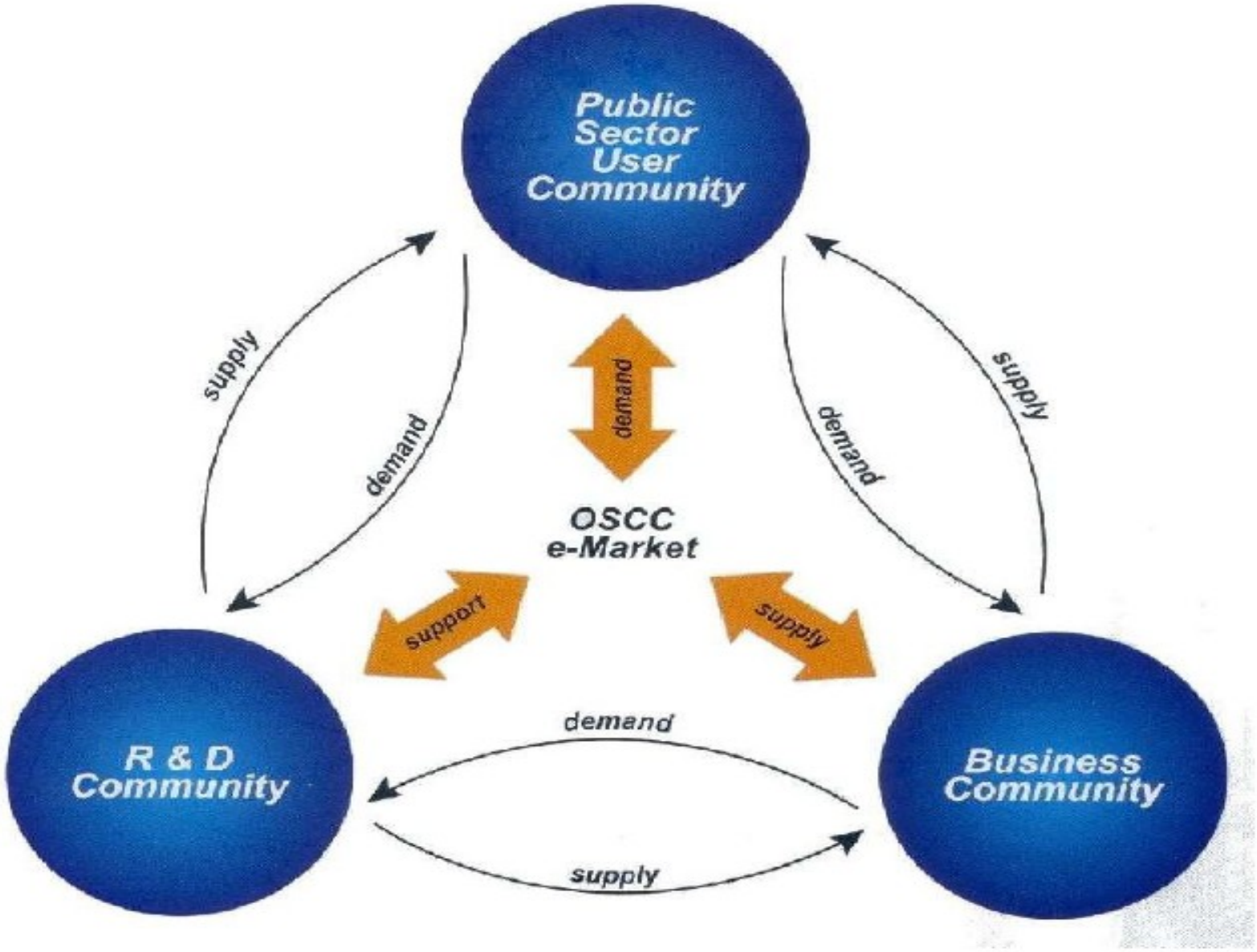
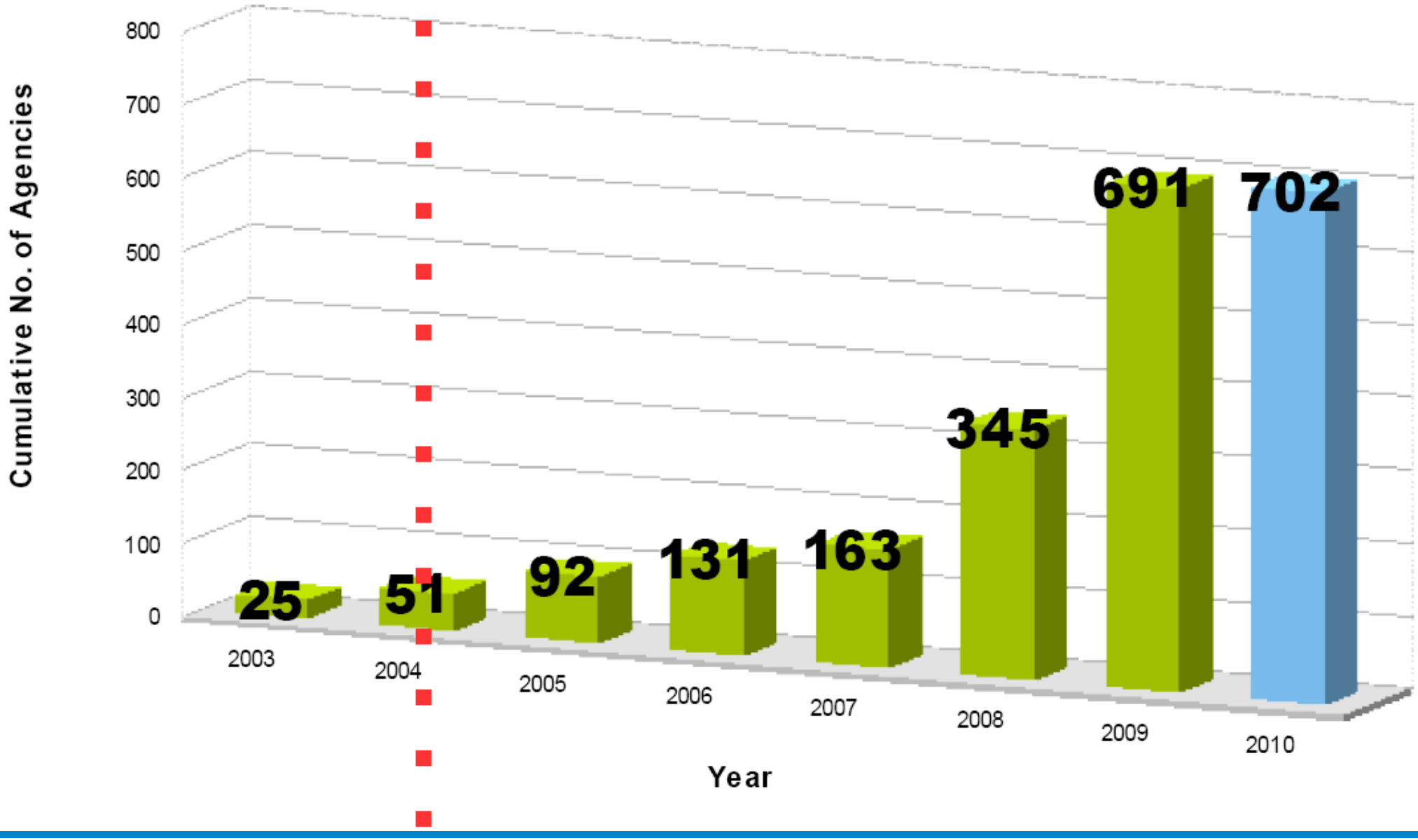


http://www.ibima.org/Malaysia2008/oscc2nd.jpg

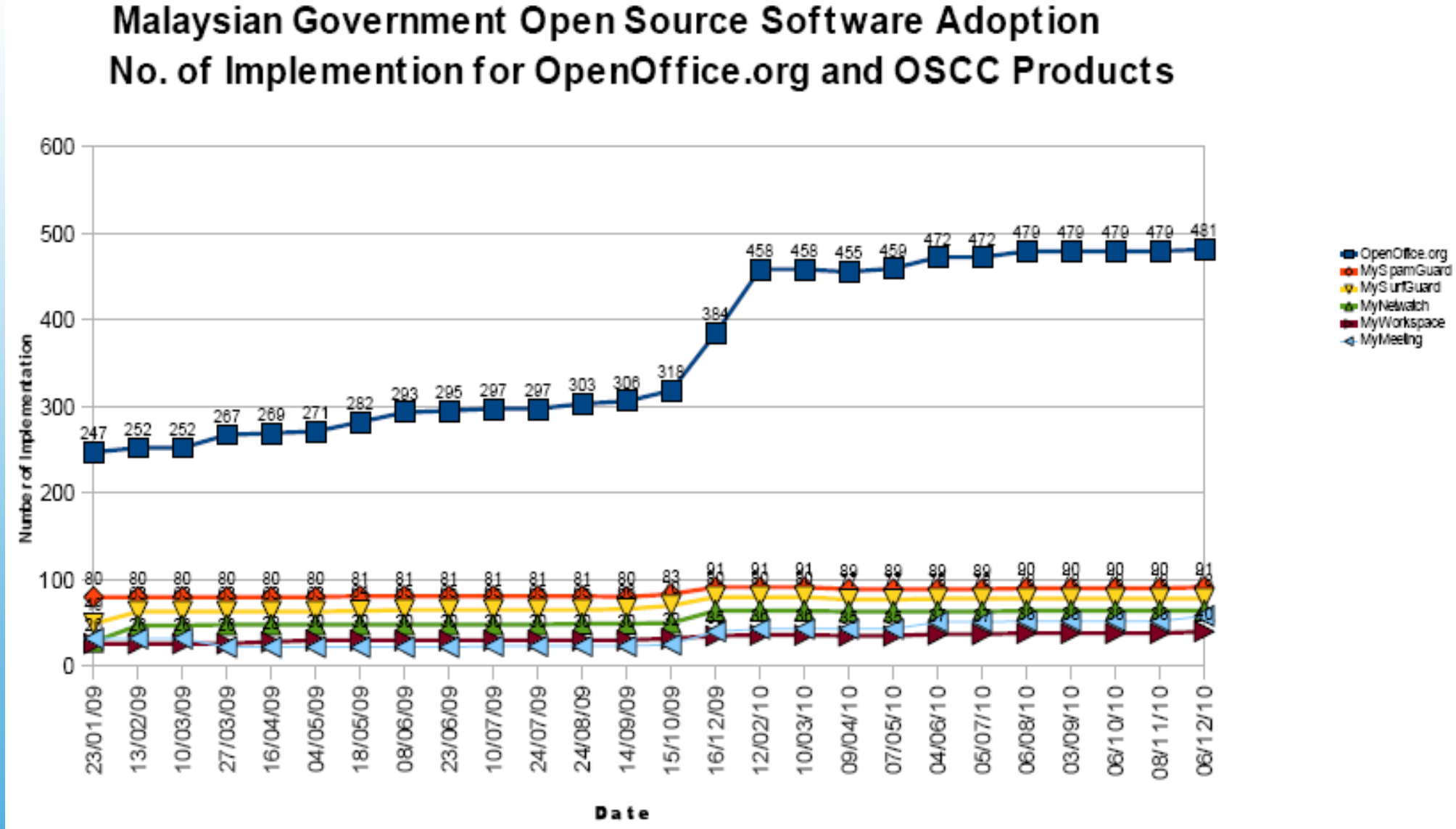


(Source: The Malaysian Public Sector Open Source Software Master Plan Phase II, December 2007)

(Introduction of Malaysian OSS Master Plan)



(Source: OSS Adoption Statistics (May 7, 2010), Malaysian Public Sector Open Source Software Programme



OSS Adoption Trend 06/12/10

- Since OSS does not impose license or royalty fees, unlike proprietary software, the OSS adoption and implementation in Government agencies has also resulted in an estimated known **savings of RM 198 million** to-date. These known savings that represent a mere tip of the iceberg could be channelled for other essential Government projects and activities such as improving infrastructure in rural areas and upgrading ICT facilities in agencies.
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Cost-effective and connected government

OSCC MAMPU's promotional efforts, five state governments, namely Pahang, Sabah, Perak, Sarawak and Penang, have issued circulars to their respective state agencies to use the OSS-based productivity tool, OpenOffice.org., in all PC desktops.

OSS has been deployed in all 3 levels of Government, namely Federal (99.6%), State (94.9%) and

Municipalities (95.8%). At the Municipal level, OSS has also been used in the entire spectrum of the e-government

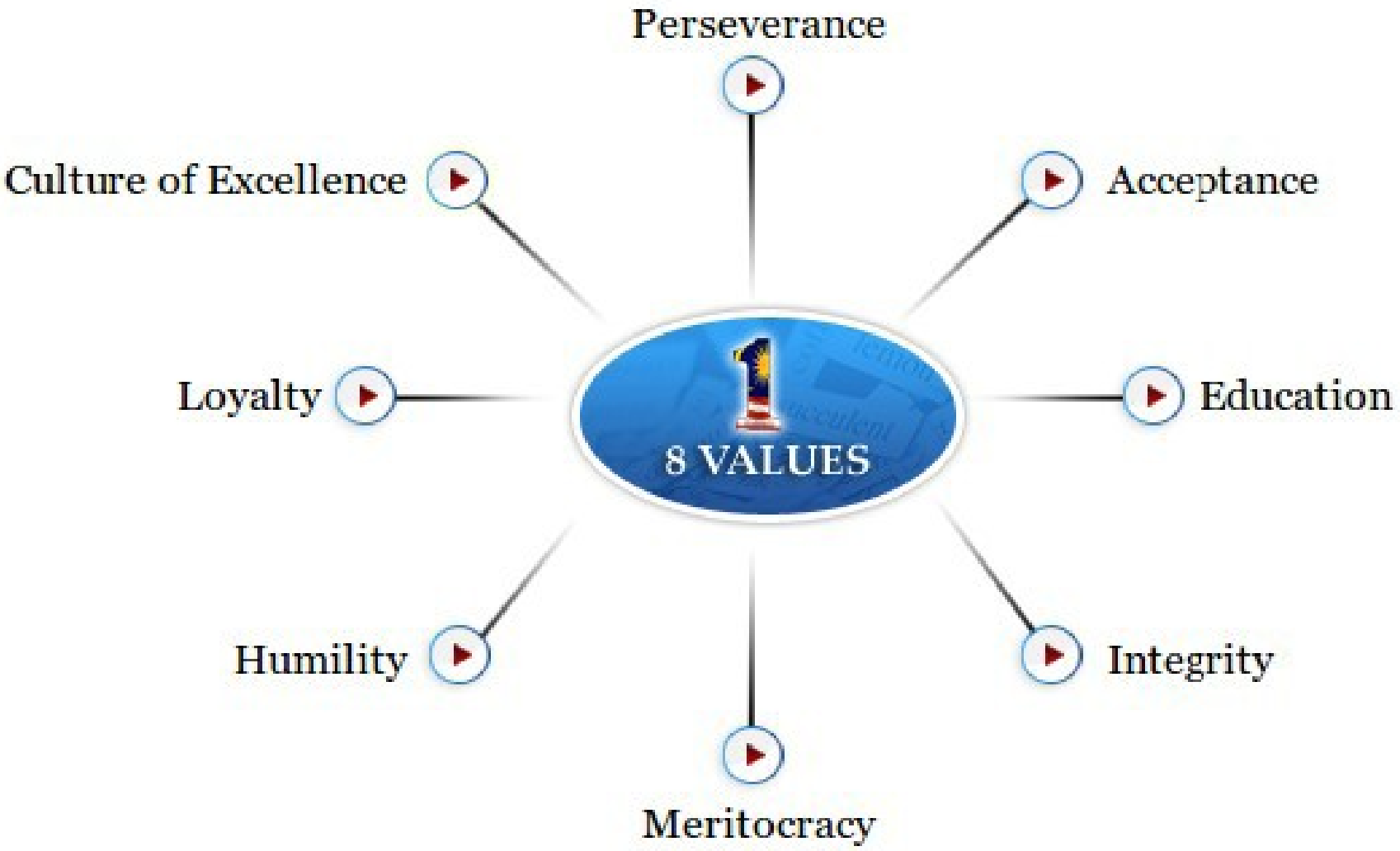
services such as e-Complaints, e-Submissions, e-Building, e-Planning and e-Licenses.

In short

Vision 2020

Preservation and erhancement of unity in diversity	Effective delivery of government services	New Economic Model - A high income, inclusive and sustainable nation	Smooth implementation of government's development programme
1Malaysia *People First, Performance Now* **April 2009**	**Government Tranformation Programme (GTP)** 6 National Key Result Areas (NKRAs) **January 2010**	**Economic Tranformation Programme (ETP)** 8 Strategic Reform Initiatives (SRIs) **March 2010**	**10th Malaysia Plan** Macroeconomic growth targets & expenditure allocation **June 2010**

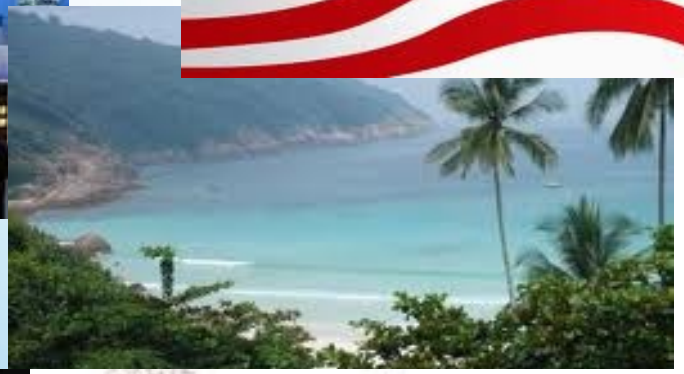
The four pillars of National Transformation



The eight values of 1Malaysia

Through the four pillars of national transformation, the Government is gearing the nation and its people for a new way of working, thinking and living that will take us towards Vision 2020. The Government is committed to this goal and is mobilising its entire resources to support these national transformation efforts. OSS can be leveraged as an effective enabler for each of the pillar as it can contribute positively in many areas and eventually, surging the nation ahead in realising Vision 2020.

Conclusion



Thank you very much

Other Countries

- Vietnam's Party Central Office will switch 20,000 computers from Microsoft Office to OpenOffice.org, starting early in 2008. (alternate source)
- Vietnam's Department of Education has also announced it will switch 20,000 computers to OpenOffice.org in 2008
- Election Commission of India (EC) to switch to OpenOffice.org
- The Postal Service of South Korea moved to Linux on 4,748 desktop systems in 2,800 branch offices at the end of 2005, and expects to save about €680,000 per year.
- Ministry of Defense in Singapore